## **Complete listing of claims:**

Claim 1 (cancelled).

Claim 2 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein  $R^1$  is  $C_1$ -  $C_6$  alkyl which may optionally be substituted with one hydroxy, fluoro,  $CF_3$ , or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy group and may optionally contain one double or triple bond provided that at least two carbons are present in the  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl group; and  $R^2$  is benzyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, which may optionally contain one double or triple bond provided that at least two carbons are present, where said  $C_1$ -  $C_6$  alkyl and the phenyl moiety of said benzyl may optionally be substituted with one fluoro  $CF_3$ , or  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoxy or chloro group.

Claim 3 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein: R<sup>3</sup> is methyl, ethyl, chloro or methoxy; R<sup>4</sup> is methyl or ethyl, G is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, or E=G is C=O or C=S and R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, pyridyl, or pyrimidyl which is substituted with more than two substituents which are independently selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CHO, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl)-OH, CN, Cl, F, Br, I and NO<sub>2</sub>, wherein one of the carbon-carbon single bonds of each of the foregoing (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, groups having at least two carbons may optionally be replaced by a carbon-carbon double or triple bond.

Claim 4 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein A is N or A is CH or CCH<sub>3</sub> which may optionally be substituted by fluoro, chloro, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy.

Claims 5, 6 and 7 (cancelled).

Claim 8 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein F is NR<sup>4</sup>.

Claim 9 (previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 18 wherein F is CHR<sup>4</sup>.

Claim 10 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein F is nitrogen and is double bonded to E.

Claim 11 (cancelled).

Claim 12 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein E is carbon.

Claim 13 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein E is nitrogen.

Claim 14 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 18 wherein E is NR <sup>25</sup> and R<sup>25</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or-CF<sub>3</sub>.

Claims 15, 16 and 17 (cancelled).

Claim 18 (previously amended)

## A compound of the formula

$$R^3$$
 $N$ 
 $D$ 
 $E$ 
 $G$ 
 $ZR^5$ 

wherein the dashed lines represent optional double bonds;

B is  $-NR^1R^2$ ,  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-C(=CR^2R^{11})R^1$ ,  $-NHCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-OCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-SCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}NHR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}OR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}SR^1$  or  $-COR^2$ :

E is nitrogen, CH or carbon;

D is nitrogen and is single bonded to all atoms to which it is attached, or D is carbon and is double bonded to E, or D is CH and is single bonded to E;

F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or NR <sup>4</sup>; provided that either 1) exactly one of D or E is nitrogen and F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or 2) F is NR<sup>4</sup> and neither D nor E is nitrogen;

G, when single bonded to E is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, -S( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) or -N ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) wherein each of the  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl groups of G may optionally be substituted by one hydroxy, -O( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl) or fluoro group; and G when double bonded to E is oxygen, sulfur or NH; and G, when E is nitrogen and double bonded to D, is absent;

 $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents  $R^8$  independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $CF_3$ , -C(=O)O- $(C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, - $OC(=O)(C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, OC(=O)N ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), - $OO(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), - $OO(C_1$ -OO(C

carbon single bonds of any alkyl having at least four carbons, and from one to three carboncarbon single bonds of any said alkyl having at least six carbons may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond; or R<sup>2</sup> is aryl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl, wherein said aryl and the aryl moiety of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolvl; or R2 is C3-C8 cycloalkyl or (C1-C6 alkylene)(C3-C8 cycloalkyl), wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl and the 5 to 8 membered cycloalkyl moieties of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by  $NZ^2$  wherein  $Z^2$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, benzyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ alkanoyl, and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>2</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or with one substituent selected from bromo, iodo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, -OC(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), OC(=O)N (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C,-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub> -C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), amino, -NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl),  $-N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-CO-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-NHCO(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , -COOH,  $-COO(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , - $CONH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}), CON(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl}), -SH, -CN, -NO_2, -SO(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}), -SO(C_1-C_4 \text{$  $S0_2(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-SO_2NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $-SO_2N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ;

-NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may form a 3 to 8 membered ring,[[,]] said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein, when said ring has from 5 to 8 members, one or two of the ring carbon atoms of such a 5 to 8 membered ring may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>3</sup> wherein Z<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl and C<sub>1</sub>C<sub>4</sub> alkanoyl, and wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are carbon-carbon or carbon-nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

or  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$  may form a 3 to 8 membered carbocyclic ring, said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are earbon or carbon nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

 $R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $O(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, -CN, -  $S(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) or -S0<sub>2</sub>( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) wherein each of the ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) moieties in the foregoing  $R^3$  groups may optionally be substituted with one substituent  $R^9$  selected from hydroxy, fluoro and ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoxy);

each of  $R^4$  is, independently hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, cyano, amino, nitro, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), N (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -

SO( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -CO( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -C(=O)H or C(=O)O (C,- $C_4$  alkyl), wherein one or two of the carbon-carbon single bonds in each of the ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) and ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) moieties in the foregoing  $R^4$  groups may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond and wherein each of said ( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl) and ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) moieties may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from hydroxy, amino,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkoxy, dimethylamino, methylamino, ethylamino, -NHC(=O)CH<sub>3</sub>, fluoro, chloro, -CN, -C00H, -C(=O)O( $C_1$ -C4 alkyl), -C(=O)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) and NO<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, indolyl, benzoxazolyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl rings that contain at least 5 ring members may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>4</sup> wherein N<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> is alkyl or benzyl; and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups is substituted with from one to four substituents wherein one to three of said substituents may be selected, independently, from chloro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and one of said substituents may be selected from bromo, iodo, formyl, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>,  $-NH_2$ ,  $-NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-N(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-C(=O)O(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-C(=O)(C_1 C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ alkyl), -COOH, -S02NH(C1-C4 alkyl), -S02N (C1-C2 alkyl) (C1-C4 alkyl), -SO2NH2, NHSO2 (C1-C4 alkyl) C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub> (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), and wherein each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, moieties in the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from fluoro, hydroxy, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino and acetyl; and furthermore wherein when R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl or pyridyl substituted with three substituents, said substituents can further be selected from (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), OCF<sub>3</sub>, and fluoro, and one carbon-carbon single bond of each (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl group of said substituents having between two and four carbon atoms may be optionally replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond; or R<sup>5</sup> is pyrimidyl substituted by three substituents independently selected from C<sub>1</sub>.C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, -O(C<sub>1</sub>.C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), CF<sub>3</sub>,OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CHO, (C<sub>1</sub>.C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-OH, CN, Cl, F, Br, I and NO2 wherein a carbon-carbon single bond of said (C1.C4) alkyl groups having been two and four carbon atoms may optionally be replaced by a carbon-carbon double or triple bond;

 $R^7$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ . $C_4$  alkyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy,  $O(C_1$ . $C_4$  alkyl) - $C(=O)(C_1$ . $C_4$  alkyl), - $C(=O)O(C_1$ . $C_4$  alkyl), - $OCF_3$ , - $CF_3$ , - $CH_2$ -OH, - $CH_2O(C_1$ . $C_4$  alkyl);

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or fluoro;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>.C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

with the proviso that: (a) when R<sup>4</sup> is attached to nitrogen, it not halo, cyano or nitro; and (b) one of E, D and F must be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen, and only one of E, D and F can be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen;

Z is NH, oxygen, sulfur, -N( $C_1$ . $C_4$  alkyl), -NC(=O)( $C_1$   $C_2$  alkyl) NC(-O)O( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl or  $CR^{13}$   $R^{14}$  wherein  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, trifluoromethyl and methyl with the exception that one of  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  can be cyano;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such compound. Claims 19 - 24 (cancelled)

Claim 25 (previously amended)

A compound of the formula

wherein the dashed lines represent optional double bonds;

B is  $-NR^1R^2$ ,  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-C(=CR^2R^{11})R^1$ ,  $-NHCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-OCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-SCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}NHR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}OR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}SR^1$  or  $-COR^2$ :

E is nitrogen, CH or carbon;

D is nitrogen and is single bonded to all atoms to which it is attached, or D is carbon and is double bonded to E, or D is CH and is single bonded to E;

F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or NR<sup>4</sup>; provided that either 1) exactly one of D or E is nitrogen and F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or 2) F is NR<sup>4</sup> and neither D nor E is nitrogen;

G, when single bonded to E is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, -S( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) or -N ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) wherein each of the  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl groups of G may optionally be substituted by one hydroxy, -O( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl) or fluoro group; and G when double bonded to E is oxygen, sulfur or NH; and G, when E is nitrogen and double bonded to D, is absent;

 $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents  $R^8$  independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $CF_3$ ,  $-C(=O)O-(C(=O)O-(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, OC(=O)N ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl),  $-CONH(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-CONH(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-CONH(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-CONH(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-S(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl),  $-S(C_1-C_4)$ 

SO<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), wherein a carbon-carbon single bond of each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl groups in the foregoing R<sup>1</sup> groups having at least two carbons may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond, and one or two carbon-carbon single bonds of each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl groups in the foregoing R<sup>1</sup> groups having four carbon atoms may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond;  $R^2$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl wherein one carbon-carbon single bond of any said alkyl group having at least two carbons, one or two carbon-carbon single bonds of any alkyl having at least four carbons, and from one to three carbon-carbon single bonds of any said alkyl having at least six carbons may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond; or R<sup>2</sup> is aryl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl, wherein said aryl and the aryl moiety of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolyl; or R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl and, the 5 to 8 membered cycloalkyl moieties of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>2</sup> wherein Z<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkanoyl, and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>2</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or with one substituent selected from bromo, iodo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, -OC(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl),  $OC(=O)N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-S(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ , amino,  $-NH(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-N(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -N( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl)-CO-( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -NHCO( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -COOH, - $COO(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-CONH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $CON(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-CON(C_1-C_4 \text{ alky$  $SO(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}), -SO_2(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}), -SO_2NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}) \text{ and } -SO_2N \text{ } (C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ alkyl);-NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may form a 3 to 8 membered ring, [[,]] said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein, when said ring has from 5 to 8 members, one or two of the ring carbon atoms of such a 5 to 8 membered ring may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ3 wherein Z3 is hydrogen, C1-C4 alkyl, benzyl and C1-C4 alkanoyl, and wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are carbon-carbon or carbon-nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

or  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$  may form a 3 to 8 membered carbocyclic ring, said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are carbon or carbon nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

 $R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $O(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, -CN, -  $S(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) or - $SO_2(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) wherein each of the  $(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) moieties in the foregoing  $R^3$  groups may optionally be substituted with one substituent  $R^9$  selected from hydroxy, fluoro and  $(C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoxy);

each of of  $R^4$  is, independently hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ , fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, cyano, amino, nitro,  $-O(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl}$ ,  $-S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , wherein one or two of the carbon-carbon single bonds in each of the  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  moieties in the foregoing  $R^4$  groups may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond and wherein each of said  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ lkyl})$  moieties may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from hydroxy, amino,  $C_1-C_3$  alkoxy, dimethylamino, methylamino, ethylamino,  $-NHC(C_1-C_2)$ , fluoro, chloro,  $-C(C_1-C_2)$ ,  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , and  $-C(C_$ 

R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, indolyl, benzoxazolyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl rings that contain at least 5 ring members may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>4</sup> wherein N<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> is alkyl or benzyl; and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups is substituted with from one to four substituents wherein one to three of said substituents may be selected,independently, from chloro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and one of said substituents may be selected from bromo, iodo, formyl, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub> -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), - N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub> C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub> C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub> (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), and wherein each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and C,-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, moieties in the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from fluoro, hydroxy, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino and acetyl;

 $R^7$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$   $C_4$  alkyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy,  $-O(C_1-C_4$  alkyl)  $-C(=O)(C_1-C_4$  alkyl),  $-C(=O)O(C_1-C_4$  alkyl),  $-OCF_3$ ,  $-CF_3$ ,  $-CH_2-OH$ ,  $-CH_2O(C_1-C_4$  alkyl);

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or fluoro;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

with the proviso that: (a) when R<sup>4</sup> is attached to nitrogen, it not halo, cyano or nitro; and (b) one of E, D and F must be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen, and only one of E, D and F can be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen;

Z is NH, oxygen, sulfur, -N( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -NC(=O)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl) NC(-O)O( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl or CR<sup>13</sup> R<sup>14</sup> wherein R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, trifluoromethyl and methyl with the exception that one of R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> can be cyano;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such compound.

Claim 26-27 (cancelled)

Claim 28 (previously amended) A compound of the formula

wherein the dashed lines represent optional double bonds;

B is  $-NR^1R^2$ ,  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-C(=CR^2R^{11})R^1$ ,  $-NHCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-OCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-SCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}NHR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}OR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}SR^1$  or  $-COR^2$ ;

E is nitrogen, CH or carbon;

D is nitrogen and is single bonded to all atoms to which it is attached, or D is carbon and is double bonded to E, or D is CH and is single bonded to E;

F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or NR<sup>4</sup>, provided that either 1) exactly one of D or E is nitrogen and F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or 2) F is NR<sup>4</sup> and neither D nor E is nitrogen

G, when single bonded to E is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, -S( $C_1$ -C4 alkyl), -O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) or -N ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) wherein each of the  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl groups of G may optionally be substituted by one hydroxy, -O( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl) or fluoro group; and G when double bonded to E is oxygen, sulfur or NH; and G, when E is nitrogen and double bonded to D, is absent;

 $R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from hydroxy, fluoro,,  $CF_3$ , or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy wherein a carbon-carbon single bond of each of the  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl groups in the foregoing  $R_1$  groups having at least two carbons may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond,  $R^2$  is benzyl or  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl which may optionally contain one

double or triple bond and wherein said  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl and the phenyl moiety of said benzyl may optionally be substituted with one fluoro,  $Cf_3$ ,  $C_1-C_2$  alkyl  $C_1-C_2$  alkoxy or chloro group.;

-NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may form a 3 to 8 membered ring,[[,]] said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein, when said ring has from 5 to 8 members, one or two of the ring carbon atoms of such a 5 to 8 membered ring may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>3</sup> wherein Z<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkanoyl, and wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are carbon-carbon or carbon-nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

or  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$  may form a 3 to 8 membered carbocyclic ring, said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are earbon or carbon nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

 $R^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $O(C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, -CN, -S( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) or -S0<sub>2</sub>( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) wherein each of the ( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) moieties in the foregoing  $R^3$  groups may optionally be substituted with one substituent  $R^9$  selected from hydroxy, fluoro and ( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoxy);

each of  $R^4$  is, independently hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ , fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, cyano, amino, nitro,  $-O(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl}$ ,  $-S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-S(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-C(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , wherein one or two of the carbon-carbon single bonds in each of the  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  moieties in the foregoing  $R^4$  groups may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond and wherein each of said  $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  moieties may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from hydroxy, amino,  $C_1-C_3$  alkoxy, dimethylamino, methylamino, ethylamino,  $-NHC(C_1-C_2)$ , fluoro, chloro,  $-C(C_1-C_2)$ ,  $-C(C_1-C_4)$ , alkyl),  $-C(C_1-C_4)$ , alkyl) and  $-C(C_1-C_4)$ 

R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, indolyl, benzoxazolyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl rings that contain at least 5 ring members may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>4</sup> wherein N<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> is alkyl or benzyl; and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups is substituted with from one to four substituents wherein one to three of said substituents may be selected, independently, from chloro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and one of said substituents may be selected from bromo, iodo, formyl, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>,-

NH<sub>2.</sub> -NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NHSO<sub>2</sub> (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub> (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), and wherein each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, moieties in the foregoing  $R^5$  groups may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from fluoro, hydroxy, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino and acetyl;

 $R^7$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy, -O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) -C(=O)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -C(=O)O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl);

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or fluoro;

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

with the proviso that: (a) when R<sup>4</sup> is attached to nitrogen, it not halo, cyano or nitro; and (b) one of E, D and F must be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen, and only one of E, D and F can be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen;

Z is NH, oxygen, sulfur, -N( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -NC(=O)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl) NC(-O)O( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl or  $CR^{13}$   $R^{14}$  wherein  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, trifluoromethyl and methyl with the exception that one of  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  can be cyano;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such compound.

Claim 29 (previously amended) A compound of the formula

wherein the dashed lines represent optional double bonds;

B is  $-NR^1R^2$ ,  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-C(=CR^2R^{11})R^1$ ,  $-NHCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-OCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-SCR^1R^2R^{10}$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}NHR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}OR^1$ ,  $-CR^2R^{10}SR^1$  or  $-COR^2$ ;

E is nitrogen, CH or carbon;

D is nitrogen and is single bonded to all atoms to which it is attached, or D is carbon and is double bonded to E, or D is CH and is single bonded to E;

F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or NR<sup>4</sup>; provided that either 1) exactly one of D or E is nitrogen and F is CHR<sup>4</sup> or 2) F is NR<sup>4</sup> and neither D nor E is nitrogen;

G, is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl or E=G is C=O or C=S;

 $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_6$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents  $R^8$ independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)O- $(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $OC(=O)N(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-NHCO(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl,  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl),  $-OC(=O)(C_1-C_4)$ alkyl) -COOH, -COO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CONH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CON (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, -SO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), wherein a carbon-carbon single bond of each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl groups in the foregoing R<sup>1</sup> groups having at least two carbons may optionally be replaced with a carboncarbon double or triple bond, and one or two carbon-carbon single bonds of each of the C1-C4 alkyl groups in the foregoing R<sup>1</sup> groups having four carbon atoms may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond;  $R^2$  is  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl wherein one carbon-carbon single bond of any said alkyl group having at least two carbons, one or two carbon-carbon single bonds of any alkyl having at least four carbons, and from one to three carbon-carbon single bonds of any said alkyl having at least six carbons may optionally be replaced with a carbon-carbon double or triple bond; or R<sup>2</sup> is aryl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl, wherein said aryl and the aryl moiety of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene)aryl is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolyl; or R2 is C3-C8 cycloalkyl or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl), wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl and the 5 to 8 membered cycloalkyl moieties of said (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene)(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl) may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>2</sup> wherein Z<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkanoyl, and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>2</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or with one substituent selected from bromo, iodo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, -OC(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), OC(=O)N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), -S( $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl), amino, -NH( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl), -N( $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), - $N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})-CO-(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , -NHCO( $C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}$ ), -COOH, - COO( $C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}$ ), - $CONH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}), CON(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl}), -SH, -CN, -NO_2, -SO(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl}), -SO(C_1-C_4 \text{$  $S0_2(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-SO_2NH(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $-SO_2N(C_1-C_4 \text{ alkyl})(C_1-C_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ;

-NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may form a 3 to 8 membered ring,[[,]] said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein, when said ring has from 5 to 8 members, one or two of the ring carbon atoms of such a 5 to 8 membered ring may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>3</sup> wherein  $Z^3$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, benzyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkanoyl, and wherein

from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are carbon-carbon or carbon-nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

or  $-CR^1R^2R^{10}$  may form a 3 to 8 membered carbocyclic ring, said ring consisting of single bonds, wherein from one to three of the single bonds of such a 3 to 8 membered ring that are carbon or carbon nitrogen single bonds may each optionally be replaced by a double bond;

R<sup>3</sup> is methyl, ethyl, chloro or methoxy;

each of R<sup>4</sup> is methyl, ethyl or trifluoro methyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl or pyridyl,

 $R^7$  is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy, -O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl) -C(=O)( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -C(=O)O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl), -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>O( $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl);

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or fluoro;

R<sub>11</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

with the proviso that: (a) when R<sup>4</sup> is attached to nitrogen, it not halo, cyano or nitro; and (b) one of E, D and F must be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen, and only one of E, D and F can be nitrogen or substituted nitrogen;

Z is NH, oxygen, sulfur, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -NC(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) NC(-O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl) or  $CR^{13}$   $R^{14}$  wherein  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, trifluoromethyl and methyl with the exception that one of  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{14}$  can be cyano;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such compound.